



Harassment and discrimination in employment, housing, public accommodations, and services are against the law.



Department of Fair Employment and Housing

Hate Violence

Under the Ralph Civil Rights Act, it is against the law for any person to threaten or commit acts of violence against a person or property based on race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, political affiliation, or position in a labor dispute.

Filing a Complaint

If you believe you are a victim of illegal discrimination or hate violence, you can file a complaint with DFEH by following these steps:

- Contact us at (800) 884-1684 (employment, public accommodation, and hate violence) and (800) 233-3212 (housing)
- Be prepared to present specific facts about the alleged harassment, discrimination, or denial of leave
- Provide copies of documents that support the charges in the complaint
- Keep records and documents about the complaint, such as paycheck stubs, rent receipts, membership applications, and other materials

DFEH will conduct an impartial investigation. We are not an advocate for either the person complaining or the person complained against. We represent the State of California. DFEH will, if possible, try to assist both parties to resolve the complaint.

If a voluntary settlement cannot be reached, and there is sufficient evidence that establishes a violation of the law, DFEH may issue an accusation and litigate the case before the Fair Employment

and Housing Commission or in civil court. If the Commission or a court decides in favor of the complaining party, the following remedies can be ordered:

- Award of the job or the housing denied to the complainant, or similar relief
- Back pay or promotion for the complainant, or compensation for moving and relocation
- Compensatory damages for the complainant, including emotional distress damages
- Fines, penalties, or punitive damages

For more information, contact DFEH toll free at (800) 884-1684

(employment, public accommodation, and hate violence)
(800) 233-3212 (housing)

TTY number at (800) 700-2320
or visit our web site at www.dfeh.ca.gov

In accordance with the California Government Code and ADA requirements, this publication can be made available in Braille, large print, computer disk, or tape cassette as a disability-related reasonable accommodation for an individual with a disability. To discuss how to receive a copy of this publication in an alternative format, please contact DFEH at the numbers above.



State of California
Department of Fair Employment & Housing

Discrimination is Against the Law

Civil Rights in California

The Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) enforces California state laws that prohibit harassment and discrimination in employment, housing, and public accommodations and that provide for pregnancy leave and family and personal medical leave. It also accepts and investigates complaints alleging hate violence or threats of hate violence.

What DFEH Does

DFEH enforces these laws by

- Investigating harassment, discrimination, and denial of leave complaints
- Assisting parties to voluntarily resolve complaints involving alleged violations of the laws enforced by DFEH
- Prosecuting violations of the law
- Educating Californians about the laws prohibiting harassment and discrimination by providing written materials and participating in seminars and conferences

Discrimination in Employment

The California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) prohibits harassment and discrimination in employment based on the following:

- Race
- Color



The mission of the Department of Fair Employment and Housing is to protect the people of California from unlawful discrimination in employment, housing and public accommodations, and from the perpetration of acts of hate violence.

- Religion
- Sex (gender)
- Sexual orientation
- Marital status
- National origin (including language use restrictions)
- Ancestry
- Disability (mental and physical, including HIV and AIDS)
- Medical condition (cancer/genetic characteristics)
- Age (40 and above)
- Request for family care leave
- Request for leave for an employee's own serious health condition
- Request for Pregnancy Disability Leave
- Retaliation for reporting patient abuse in tax-supported institutions

Discrimination is prohibited in all employment practices, including the following:

- Advertisements
- Applications, screening, and interviews
- Hiring, transferring, promoting, terminating, or separating employees
- Working conditions
- Participation in a training or apprenticeship program, employee organization, or union

California workers are

- Guaranteed leaves if disabled because of pregnancy
- Guaranteed reasonable accommodation for pregnancy

- Guaranteed leaves for the birth or adoption of a child; for the employee's own serious health condition; or to care for a parent, spouse, or child with a serious health condition
- Protected from harassment because of their sex, race, or any other category covered under the law
- Protected from retaliation for filing a complaint with DFEH, for participating in the investigation of a complaint, or for protesting possible violations of the law

California workers with disabilities are also entitled to reasonable accommodation when necessary in order to perform the job.

Discrimination in Housing

FEHA also prohibits discrimination in the rental and sale of housing based on the following:

- Race
- Color
- Religion
- Sex (gender)
- Sexual orientation
- Marital status
- National origin (including language use restrictions)
- Ancestry
- Familial status (households with children under age 18)
- Source of income*
- Disability (mental and physical, including HIV and AIDS)
- Medical condition (cancer/genetic characteristics)
- Age

*Until 12/31/04 unless extended by statute.

Discrimination is prohibited in all aspects of the housing business, including, but not limited to:

- Advertisements
- Mortgage lending and insurance
- Application and selection processes
- Terms, conditions, and privileges of occupancy, including freedom from harassment
- Public and private land-use practices, including the existence of restrictive covenants

Persons with disabilities are entitled to reasonable accommodation in rules, policies, practices, and services and are also permitted, at their own expense, to reasonably modify their dwelling to ensure full enjoyment of the premises.

As in employment discrimination law, persons are protected from retaliation for filing complaints.

Discrimination in Public Accommodations and Services

Discrimination in public services and accommodations is prohibited under the Unruh Civil Rights Act. The law requires "full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments." Business establishments covered by the law include, but are not limited to:

- Hotels and motels
- Nonprofit organizations
- Restaurants
- Theaters
- Hospitals
- Barber shops and beauty salons
- Housing accommodations
- Local government and public agencies
- Retail establishments